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Baseline Serum Neurofilament Light Chain Levels Predict Future Disease Activity Irrespective of Race/Ethnicity: Results from the Phase 3 Asclepios I/II Trials

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Abstract Text:

Background: In the phase 3 ASCLEPIOS I/II trials (ofatumumab vs teriflunomide), baseline serum neurofilament light chain (sNfL) levels were prognostic for on-study lesion formation and brain volume loss. However, the prognostic value of sNfL for future disease activity among diverse racial/ethnic subgroups from the trials has yet to be explored.

Objectives: To evaluate the prognostic value of baseline sNfL for future magnetic resonance imaging disease activity in diverse racial/ethnic subpopulations (Asian, Black, and other) of people with relapsing multiple sclerosis (pwRMS) in ASCLEPIOS I/II.

Methods: A baseline sNfL cutoff was predefined by the median sNfL value across the ASCLEPIOS I/II studies, and participants were stratified into high (≥ 9.3 pg/mL) and low (< 9.3 pg/mL) groups irrespective of treatment received. The prognostic value of high vs low baseline sNfL for the annualized rate of new/enlarging T2 (neT2) lesions was assessed in the overall population, and White and racial/ethnic subgroups from ASCLEPIOS I/II. neT2 lesion number on the last available scan (relative to baseline scan) was analyzed using a negative binomial model with time (in years) between the 2 scans as offset, adjusting for baseline sNfL groups. The prognostic value was assessed via the lesion rate ratio (RR) attained using this single cutoff threshold for high vs low sNfL.

Results: Of the 1882 participants randomized, 1678 (89.2%) had baseline sNfL and neT2 lesion data available. Annualized mean rate of neT2 lesions for participants with high/low baseline sNfL levels in the Asian ($n=31/29$), Black ($n=29/26$), and other ($n=39/34$) subgroups were 2.59/0.97 (RR 2.68; $p=0.042$), 5.10/2.04 (RR 2.50; $p=0.061$), and 7.79/3.07 (RR 2.54; $p=0.029$), respectively; values for the White subgroup ($n=738/752$) and overall population ($n=837/841$) were 3.91/1.83 (RR 2.14; $p<0.001$) and 4.08/1.85 (RR 2.20; $p<0.001$), respectively.

Conclusions: Baseline sNfL levels were prognostic for neT2 lesion development in all pwRMS, including those of diverse racial/ethnic subpopulations.

Title:

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Preferred Presentation Format:

Poster

Category:

Non-imaging biomarkers

Has this abstract been presented/published elsewhere prior to this meeting?:

No

Have you simultaneously submitted this abstract to another organization for consideration?:

Yes

Simultaneous submission details:

Americas Committee for Treatment and Research in Multiple Sclerosis (ACTRIMS) and the American Academy of Neurology (AAN) 2024. ACTRIMS Forum 2024 will be held February 29-March 2, 2024 and AAN will be held April 13-18, 2024.

Would you give CMSC and International Journal of MS Care the first preference to any article that is submitted for publication based on this abstract presentation?:

No

Category: Non-imaging biomarkers

Keywords:

Disease-modifying treatments in MS

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